REVISION FOR THE 1st MID TERM EXAM ENGLISH - GRADE 11

School year: 2024- 2025

A. NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP: TỪ Unit 1- Unit 3

I. Pronunciation: Stress in words of two, three or more than three syllables

II. Vocabulary: Topics: A long and healthy life; The generation gap; Cities of the future.

III. Grammar

- Past simple, present perfect;
- Modal verbs: must, have to, should
- Stative verbs in the continuous form;
- Linking verbs;

IV. Reading:

- 1. Read and complete the passage.
- 2. Read the text and choose the best option.
- 3. Read for specific information about: A long and healthy life; The generation gap; Cities of the future.

V. Listening

- 1. Listen to a 1-2 minute dialogue / monologue on related topics and answer True / false questions.
- 2. Listen to a conversation / monologue for 1.5-2 minutes and complete the notes
- 3. Listen for specific information about: A long and healthy life; The generation gap; Cities of the future.

VI. WRITING:

- 1. Write a paragraph (120 150 words) about the advantages of regular exercises in our life.
- 2. Write an opinion essay (120 150 words) about limiting teenagers' screen time.
- 3. Write an article (about 120 words) about the advantages and disadvantages of living in a smart city.

B. PRACTICE – THE MIDTERM EXAM- ENGLISH 11

Exercise 1: Circle A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. fr <u>e</u> sh	B. di <u>e</u> t	C. fl <u>e</u> sh	D. <u>e</u> xercise
2. A. Yog <u>a</u>	B. f <u>a</u> tty	C. balance	D. h <u>a</u> bit
3. A. ingredient	B. nutrient	C. v <u>i</u> tamin	D. mineral
4. A. <u>g</u> ap	B. generation	C. grandparent	D. great
5. A. h <u>o</u> ld	B. foll <u>o</u> w	C. force	D. notice
6. A. f <u>oo</u> tstep	B. roof	C. f <u>oo</u> d	D. f <u>oo</u> l

Exercise 2: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

1. A. acupuncture	B. longevity	C. environment	D. establishment
2. A. fertilizer	B. development	C. environment	D. advertisement
3. A. prevent	B. injure	C. balance	D. suffer
4. A. fitness	B. disease	C. treatment	D. headache
5. A. assignment	B. attendance	C. pollution	D. privacy
6. A. sustainable	B. optimistic	C. pessimistic	D. interactive

Exercise 3: Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

1. Women have a lor	nger life	than men	
	=	C. history	D. expectancy
-			diet, taking
exercise and keeping		, & ()=	
		C. poor	D. unhealthy
		after weight lit	•
		C. strength	
		m two or three times a	
		C. against	
			to school on time on the
weekday.			
A. should	B. must	C. have to	D. can
		les, or quarrel with pare	
		C. have to	
			_ as well as reducing heating
costs.	·		
A. eco-friendly	B. ecological	C. economic	D. ecologically
			towns in the country.
		C. livable	
9. Chemotherapy is t	he most common treat	ment	cancer.
		C. of	
10. Although the disl	h melt,	he refused to eat saying	g that he was not hungry.
		C. well	
11. Optimistic people	e believe that city	will have a	better live thanks to important
achievements in tech	nology and medicine.		-
A. citizens	B. locals	C. dwellers	D. occupants
12. Cities in poorer o	countries often lack bas	sic Witho	out it, they are unable to function
properly as cities.			
A. structure	B. construction	C. infrastructure	D. condition
13. Many teenagers of	do not like it when the	ir parents impose their of	decision them.
A. in	B. on	C. at	D. to
14. Lots of teenagers	are so stubborn and re	efuse to their pare	nts' advice.
A. receive	B. bring	C. follow	D. regard
15. Exercise	to always keep y	our body fit and your m	aind happy.
A. regular	B. regularly	C. irregular	D. irregularly
16. Wesi	nce we left school.	_	
A. don't meet	B. haven't m	et C. hasn't met	D. didn't meet
17. The street appear	rs now	because there are so mu	uch traffic in the rush hour
	B. noisy		
18. His girlfriend	gen	tle and independent	
	B. seems		D. look
19. Your parents app	oear w	rith you, but also very fa	air
A. strictly		C. strictness	
20. We should eat m	ore vegetables and frui	its to stay	

A. living standard B. longevity C. life skills D. lifeline

Exercise 4: Read the passage. Circle the best answer A, B, or C to each of the questions.

Is the generation gap in America no longer a severe problem as it used to be? Dating back to the 1960s when teenagers tended to lash out the values and goals of their parents as well as rebel against the authority figures, the incendiary conflicts between older and younger generations increased sharply. It's because teenagers' world wasn't any longer limited in a narrow society that wasn't mobile, and instead of going to church every weekend, they were exposed to various forms of social media like television and radios. They got access to huge sources of new ideas, which liberated them from old-fashioned and boring lifestyles whereas many older people were conservative and didn't accept differences disturbing their normal life. Over time, however, the tension between generations has been alleviated due to the improved mutual understanding of baby boomers, Millennials and even Zillennials in many fields of life. According to recent research, the largest generational discrepancies between young and old in the United States are the use of technology and taste in music. Nevertheless, in terms of technological use, many older people gradually learn how to use a laptop or smartphone to surf the Internet from their children and especially their grandchildren due to their recognition of huge technological benefits. Regarding the musical differences, unlike in the past, older generations nowadays appear to give fewer critical remarks on what type of music teens should listen to and begin to accept the variety of music tastes when living under the same roofs.

- 1. What is the passage mainly about?
- A. The development of the generation gap in America nowadays.
- B. The alleviation of the generation gap in America nowadays.
- C. The eradication of the generation gap in America in the past.
- D. The reduction of the generation gap in America in the past.
- 2. What does the word **they** in line 6 mean?
- A. Teenagers. B. Forms of social media.

 C. Parents.

 D. Older generations
- 3. According to the passage, what types of social media provided young people with new ideas in the 1960s?
- A. The Internet and television.

B. The Internet and radios.

C. The television and printed newspaper.

- D. The television and radios.
- 4. Why did the older generation refuse to access new things?
- A. Because they thought those things were tedious.
- B. Because they loved to go to church every weekend.
- C. Because they didn't want to change their normal life.
- D. Because they weren't able to learn technological devices.
- 5. What can be inferred from the passage?
- A. Nowadays there is no longer a generation gap.
- B. The generation gap didn't remain after the 1960s.
- C. Teaching older people to use modern devices can bridge the gap between generations.
- D. Younger Americans are forced to change their taste in music nowadays.

Exercise 5: Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the passage.

Everyone knows that exercise is good for the body and the mind. We all want to keep fit and look good, but too many of us take (1) _____ the wrong sport and quickly lose interest. So now fitness experts are advising people to choose an activity that matches their character.

For instance, those (2) like to be v	with other people ofte	n enjoy golf or squash, or playing
for a basketball, foot	ball, or hockey team. (3), you may	prefer to go jogging or swimming
if you're happier on	your own.		
Do you like competi	tion? Then try somethi	ing like running, or a	racket sport such as tennis. If, on
the other hand, (4)	isn't important	to you, then activitie	s like dancing can be an enjoyable
	t the need to show you'		
	-	-	exercise. If so, sports like weight
training at home and	cycling are fine. If not	t, book a skiing holida	ay, Taekwondo lessons, or a tennis
court. You're much i	nore likely to do somet	thing you've already p	oaid for!
1. A. down	B. out	C. in	D. up
2. A. who	B. whose	C. which	D. what
3. A. therefore	B. thus	C. however	D. while
4. A. winners	B. winning	C. win	D. won
5. A. challenge	B. victory	C. defeat	D. score
Exercise 6: Error I	dentification		
		underlined part that	needs correction in each of the
following questions.	,	1	,
• • •	eing closed for a long p	eriod of time, the hou	se became dirty and smelled
awfully.		<u> </u>	
A. being closed	B. a long period of	C. became dirty	D. smelled awfully
O	members of committee	•	-
A. All		C. felt happily	D. ultimate decision
Question 3: I feel both excited and nervously because I have got a date with Lara tomorrow.			
A. feel	B. excited	C. nervously	D. date with
Question4: He looks	s so worriedly. What's	•	
A. looks	B. worriedly	C. wrong	D. with
Question5: I think a	bout <u>buying a</u> flat <u>in</u> Ha	a Noi.	
A. think B. buying C. a D. in			
Question6: My uncle is having a big house in the city centre.			
A. is having	B. a	c. in	D. city
Question7: Are you	remembering when the	e <u>sensors</u> were <u>installe</u>	d in the city?
A.the B. installed C. Are you remembering D. sensors			
Question8: I am seeing your point, but I don't think there's anything we can do at the moment.			
A.don't think	B. anything		n seeing
Exercise 7: Transfo	rmation		
a. Rewrite the follow	wing sentences as long	as the meaning is u	nchanged. Using modals
	ell the truth to your fan		
You			
2. It is not neccesary	for us to wear uniform	s every day	
I			
3. We aren't allowed to drive without wearing a helmet.			
We			
4. It is necessary for	young people to plan th	neir future career care	fully
Young people			

5. It is very important for us to do well at school.
We
b. Rewrite the following sentences as long as the meaning is unchanged
1. This is the first time he went abroad.
He
2. She started to learn driving 1 month ago.
She
3. We began eating when it started to rain.
We
4. I last had my hair cut when I left her.
I haven't
5. It is a long time since we last met.
We
6. I haven't cheated in exam for years.
It is
7. How long have she lived in Danang?
When
8. He hasn't smoked for 2 years.
He last
9. I have learnt French for 3 years.
I
10. I haven't met her for 5 days.
The last time
c. Complete the following sentences, using given words
1. Mum, /can I /go / my friend's/ birthday party / Saturday evening?
2 is OV/if /I /down the might/hambarrand after the manage?
2. it OK/ if /I /stay /the night/ her house/ after/ party?
3. Would/ you mind/ if /I/ open/ the windows?/ It/ too stuffy/ in here.
3. Would/ you mind/ if /if open/ the windows!/ if/ too sturry/ in here.
4. Dad,/ you/ mind/ if/ I/ color/ hair?
Budy you mind if I color hair.
5. Mum,/Would/ you/ mind/ if /I /go out/ my friends/ weekend?
,,

A. entertainment

TRƯỜNG TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG THANH KHÊ

ĐỀ MINH HOẠ GIỮA HỌC KỲ 1 NĂM HỌC 2024-2025

Môn: Tiếng Anh 11 (Global Success)

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

(Lưu ý: Học s	sinh làm bài trên đề kiểm tra.)	
Họ và tên thí sinh: Phòng số:		MÃ ĐỀ: 569
I. PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM (8 điểm)		
WRITING Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your	answer sheet to indicate the underlie	and nart that moods
correction in each of the following quest		ieu pari inai neeus
Question 1. I am seeing (A) your point, but	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ng we can do at (D)
the moment.	 (-) (-)	-8 <u></u> (-)
Question 2. Roof gardens (A) have recen	$\underline{\text{ttly}}$ (B) become very $\underline{\text{trend}}$ (C) $\underline{\text{in}}$ (D) bi	g cities.
LISTENING		
Listen to two people talking about healt	thy habits. Decide whether the follow	ing statements are
true or false. Mark the letter A for True	(T), or B for False (F) on your answer	er sheet to indicate
the correct answers to the following state	ements. You will hear the recording tw	ice. (1.25 points)
Question 3. People need to sleep from sev	ven to nine hours each night.	
A. True	B. False	
Question 4. The host encourages her child	d to get much sleep on Saturdays and S	undays.
A. True	B. False	
Question 5. Early morning sleep improve	es our ability to control our feelings and	avoid getting stressed.
A. True	B. False	
Question 6. Dorothy Allen says people or	-	anced diet.
A. True	B. False	
Question 7. You should spend three days	a week relaxing.	
A. True	B. False	
Listen to a conversation between Kevin	and Mai. Mark the letter A, B, C or	D on your answer
sheet to indicate the correct answers to the	he following questions. You will hear t	the recording twice.
(1.25 points)		
Question 8. What does Mai's mother kee	p complaining about?	
A. Mai's appearance	B. Mai's clothes	
C. Mai's homework	D. Mai's English speaking	
Question 9. Where doesn't Mai's mother	allow her to wear tight jeans?	
A. at home	B. at the bus stop	
C. at her school	D. in her room	
Question 10. What does Kevin mainly us	e his smartphone and laptop for?	

B. computer games

c. special occasio	7113	D. IIIS HOITICWOIK	
Question 11. According	to Mai, what might Kevin's	parents worry about?	
A. his eyesight		B. his low cognitive skills	
C. his negative en	notions	D. his sleep quality	
Question 12. What time	do Kevin's parents take awa	ay his smartphone and lapte	op?
A. 1 hour	B. 10 p.m.	C. 9 p.m.	D. 8 p.m.
READING			
Read the following pass	age and mark the letter A, I	B, C, or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the
correct word or phrase t	hat best fits each of the nur	nbered blanks. (1.25 point	(s)
	Advice for parents	s of teenagers	
You've always brought	up your children to come to	you when they're in troub!	le. You feel it's your
job to (13) th	em when they're having pro	oblems. But now, as your	children are growing
up, they often don't wan	t to share their problems wit	h you. That's perfectly nor	mal, so don't worry!
Of course, you want to g	get on well with your childre	en, but that means you hav	e to give them some
(14), deciding	whether to confide in with	you or not. Maybe they've	fallen out with their
best friend and (15)	upset and angry. Mayb	be they've just broken up v	with the boyfriend or

D his homework

C special occasions

they're ready.

Question 13. A. argue with	B. look after	C. look for	D. give
up			

girlfriend they've been going out with. Maybe they've been let down by a friend who (16) _____ they trusted. Teenagers go through all these problems. If they want to talk to you about it, then that's fine. (17) ____ if they don't, don't force them. They'll come to you when

Question 14. A. freeB. freelyC. freedomD. freedQuestion 15. A. growB. feelC. likeD. tasteQuestion 16. A. dependedB. treatedC. respectedD.betrayedD. dependedD. dependedD. depended

Question 17. A. But B. When C. Although D. So

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. (1.25 points)

Green spaces above our heads

Roof gardens, or gardens built on the top of city buildings, have become very popular in recent years, particularly in developed cities. It is even predicted that they will be the future of city architecture. This is because lack of space and **overpriced** land in cities makes it difficult to increase the number of parks and other green areas. So, what makes these 'green roofs' so attractive to city dwellers?

Roof gardens can improve air quality in cities. Plants take in and keep heat and light, and help to cool the environment around them. This way, green roofs help reduce greenhouse gas emissions related to heating and cooling buildings. They also help decrease dust pollution and the formation of smog, a mixture of smoke and fog, which is common in big cities. Moreover, green roofs can provide new habitats for wildlife. They can help reduce the impact of urban development on habitat loss. For example, the City Hall in Chicago, the USA, has become home to more than 20,000 plants of over 150 different kinds. The living roof of Vancouver Convention Centre in Canada hosts 400,000 plants and 60,000 bees. Roof gardens also attract birds and insects, which increases the biodiversity in the area.

In summary, roof gardens can reduce pollution and improve human interaction with nature by introducing green space into the built environment. Connecting with nature is beneficial to our physical and mental health, and can increase quality of life. **Question 18.** What is the text mainly about? A. Advantages of roof gardens B. The biodiversity of plants C. Importance of green initiatives D. The future of smart gardens **Question 19.** The word 'overpriced' in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to A. too expensive B. reasonable C. valuable D. overdue **Question 20.** Which of the following is **NOT true** about roof gardens? A. They are built on the top of buildings. B. They reduce dust pollution. C. City dwellers think they are a waste of space. D. They improve air quality. **Question 21.** What is on top of Vancouver Convention Centre? A. 150 birds and 400,000 plants B. 400,000 bees and insects C. 20,000 plants and 150 bees D. 400,000 plants and 60,000 bees Question 22. According to the text, by providing more green space, roof gardens help people A. interact with nature B. stop urban development C. save wildlife D. learn about nature LANGUAGE Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined words. (0.25 point) Question 23. In Vietnam, life expectancy for both men and women has increased significantly over the last ten years. A. living standard B. longevity C. life skill D. lifeline Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others. (0.25 point) Question 24. A. responsible B. properly C. sociable D. project Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to complete each se Q A Q ry. Q nts

sentence. (1.75 point)			
Question 25. You should	think it over before ma	aking that	
A. decide	B. decision	C. decisively	D. decisive
Question 26. Although th	ne dish smells	, he refuses to eat and says th	at he is not hungr
A. bad	B. good	C. well	D. badly
Question 27. Four genera	ntions living in the same	e roof will have different	of lifestyle.
A. gaps	B. rules	C. manners	D. viewpoir
Question 28. After gradu	ating from university, l	want to my father's	s footsteps.
A. follow in	B. succeed	in C. go after	D. keep up
Question 29. Do you rem	nember when the sensor	rs were installed the	city?
A. on	B. at	C. over	D. in
Question 30. Peter	football since he v	vas a child.	
A. is playing	B. played	C. has played	D. plays

Question 31. Some bacteria	can cause	_ diseases such as tubercul	osis and food poisoning.
A. infect	B. infection	C. infectious	D. infectiously
Mark the letter A, B, C or	D on your answer	sheet to indicate the wor	d whose stress pattern is
different from that of the or	thers. (0.25 point)		
Question 32. A. unhealthy	B. natural	C. digital	D. physical
II. PHẦN TỰ LUẬN (2 đi WRITING Rewrite the following sente 1. There is an obligation for → 2. The last time she saw her →	nces without changes students to turn off	their mobile phones during	` -

Write an essay (120-150 words) to express your opinion about the statement below. You can either agree or disagree with it. Use the cues in the table to help you. (1.5 points)

SHOULD PARENTS STRICTLY LIMIT TEENAGERS SCREEN TIME?

SHOULD	SHOULDN'T
- Reason 1: Teenagers have little time left for	- Reason 1: Quality of screen time is more
homework.	important than quantity.
Examples/ Facts/ Explanations:	Examples/ Facts/ Explanations:
Teenagers spend too much time watching	Teenagers can learn a lot of useful
online videos, checking social media, or playing	knowledge and necessary skills through online
computer games.	educational games and videos.
- Reason 2: Too much screen time is bad for	- Reason 2: The gap between teenagers and
teenagers' health.	parents may become wider.
Examples/ Facts/ Explanations:	Examples/ Facts/ Explanations:
Too much screen time can damage eyesight,	Teenagers may think their parents are not
reduce sleep time, and cause weight gain.	fair to them.

--- The end ---